

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1.	Product identifier
Cod	e:
Proc	duct name

GG_GF 025 HFC – R404A, Kryon® 404A

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or n Intended use Uses advised against	nixture and uses advised against Refrigerant - ONLY FOR PROFESSIONAL AND INDUSTRIAL USE Uses other than those stated.
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Name Full address District and Country	General Gas S.r.I. Via Aosta, 5 20063 Cernusco sul Naviglio (MI) ITALY
	tel. +39 02 92141835
	fax +39 02 92141841
e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	m.migliaccio@gas-tec.it
1.4. Emergency telephone number For urgent inquiries refer to: United Kingdom Ireland Malta General Gas S.r.I.	NHS 111 Members of Public: +353 (01) 809 2166. (8.00 a.m. to 10.00 p.m. 7 days a week) Healthcare Professionals: +353 (01) 809 2566 (24 hour service) 112 tel. +39 3355644288 (Only for technical support)

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Liquefied gas

H280

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words:

Warning

Hazard statements:

H280

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.



Precautionary statements:

P410+P403

Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

2.3. Other hazards

Asphyxiant in high concentrations. Contact with liquid can cause cryogenic burns.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration \geq 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification	Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
1,1,1 - TRIFLUOROETHANE (R143a)		
INDEX -	52	Flam. Gas 1A H220, Press. Gas (Liq.) H280
EC 206-996-5		
CAS 420-46-2		
REACH Reg. 01-2119492869-13-XXXX		
PENTAFLUOROETHANE		
INDEX -	44	Press. Gas (Comp.) H280
EC 206-557-8		
CAS 354-33-6		
REACH Reg. 01-2119485636-25-XXXX		
NORFLURANE		
INDEX -	4	Press. Gas (Liq.) H280
EC 212-377-0		
CAS 811-97-2		
REACH Reg. 01-2119459374-33-XXXX		

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

No episodes of harm to the staff authorised to use the product have been reported. The following general measures should be adopted as necessary: INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

EYES: Remove any contact lenses. Wash immediately and abundantly with water for at least 30/60 minutes, opening the eyelids wide. Consult a doctor immediately if the patient shows signs of frostbite, pain, swelling, tearing or persistent photophobia or damage caused by high pressure jets.

SKIN: In case of accidental contact with the skin, take the first aid measures specified below:

Do not remove clothing that adheres to burned skin.

Rinse immediately contaminated areas with warm (not boiling) water and continue for at least 15 minutes.

If the patient has signs of frostbite (whitening or redness of the skin or burning or tingling sensation) do not rub, massage or press the affected area. Consult a doctor immediately.

PROTECTIVE MEASURES FOR THE FIRST RESCUE WORKERS: for PPE (personal protection equipment) required for first aid refer to section 8.2 of this safety data sheet.



4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Contact with skin can cause cold burns.

Inhalation of high concentrations may cause depression of the central nervous system with the following effects: dizziness, weakness, nausea, headache, anesthetic effects, possible unconsciousness, light-headedness, confusion, lack of coordination, drowsiness, irregular heartbeat with a strange feeling in the chest, heart pounding, apprehension, feeling faint, dizzy or weak.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT Water spray. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT Water jets.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture or explode. Under certain high pressure conditions, mixtures of the product with air/oxygen may become flammable. Avoid mixtures with air/oxygen at pressures above atmospheric. Thermal decomposition of the substance produces toxic gas (carbon oxides, hydrogen fluoride, fluorocarbons, carbonyl fluoride).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Exposure to flame and heat can cause the container to break. Cool the containers with jets of water to avoid overpressure. Always wear full fire prevention gear.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel

Remove all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, electricity, etc.) or heat from the area where the leak occurred and ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate the surrounding areas and prevent the entry of external and unprotected personnel. Notify emergency crews.

Stop the leak if there is no danger. Do not handle damaged containers or leaked product without first donning the appropriate protective equipment. Avoid breathing the gas. For information relating to environmental and health risks, respiratory protection, ventilation and personal protective equipment, refer to section 8.

6.1.2 For emergency responders

Asphyxiant gas. When release of asphyxiating gases is possible, oxygen detectors should be used.

Considering the hermetic nature of the container, it is rather unlikely that considerable spillages can occur. However, in the event that any container is damaged such as to cause a leak, insulate the container in question by placing it in the open air or by covering it with inert and non-combustible material (eg sand, earth, vermiculite). Stay upwind.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Stop the spill if possible and there is no danger. Ensure adequate ventilation, avoid confined spaces, including underground spaces. Prevent dispersion in the environment and underground spaces (tunnels, caves, etc ...).



6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Provide sufficient ventilation of the place affected by the leak and allow the product to evaporate, favoring its dispersion. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use closed installations and systems. Ensure adequate ventilation and/or extraction in the workplace. Do not breathe the gas. The pressurized gas must be handled in accordance with good safety and industrial hygiene practices and can only be handled by experienced and suitably trained personnel. Avoid release of product into work area. Not smoking. Make sure that the entire gas distribution system has been (or is regularly) checked for leaks before use.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a place where adequate ventilation is ensured, away from direct sunlight at a temperature below 50°C / 122°F, away from any combustion sources.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No use other than as indicated in section 1.2 of this safety data sheet

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

GBR United Kingdom EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)

NORFLURANE								
Threshold Limit Value								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks Observa		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
WEL	GBR	4240	1000					
Predicted no-effect concentra	tion - PNEC							
Normal value in fresh water				0,1	mį	j/l		
Normal value in marine water				0,01	mç	ı/I		
Normal value for fresh water s	sediment			0,75	mç	ı/kg/d		
Normal value for water, interm	nittent release			1	mç	ı/I		
Normal value of STP microorg	ganisms			73	mç	ı/I		
Health - Derived no-effect	ct level - DNEL / I Effects on consumers	DMEL			Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Inhalation				2476 mg/m3			VND	13936 mg/m

PENTAFLUOROETHANE



Safety Data Sheet According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

KRYON 404A

Predicted no-effect concent	ration - PNEC							
Normal value in fresh water				0,1	mç	g/l		
Normal value for fresh water sediment			0,6	mį	g/kg/d			
Health - Derived no-eff		MEL						
	Effects on				Effects on			
	consumers				workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic local	Chronic
·		•		systemic		systemic		systemic
Inhalation				1753 mg/m3				16444 mg/m3

1,1,1 - TRIFLUOROETHANE (R143a)

Fredicted no-effect concentr								
Normal value in fresh water				0,35	mg	//		
Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL								
	Effects on				Effects on			
	consumers				workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic local	Chronic
				systemic		systemic		systemic
Inhalation				10700 mg/m3				38800 mg/m3

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

In the identification phase of the relevant material and the relative thickness to be used, it is highly recommended to deal directly with the PPE manufacturer to evaluate the effective protection with regard to the specific characteristics of the same on the basis of use and duration of use. The following must be considered: compatibility, degradation, breakthrough time and permeation. The gloves have a wear time that depends on the duration and method of use. Latex gloves can give rise to sensitization phenomena.

THERMAL HAZARDS

Wear cryogenic gloves during the transfer operations or any other operation which may involve contact with the refrigerated gas (ref. UNI EN 511 standard).

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

A mask with a type A filter combined with a type P filter should be worn (see standard EN 14387).

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General**G**as[®]

KRYON 404A

Properties Appearance	Value Liquefied gas	Information
Colour	colourless	
Odour	mild	
Melting point / freezing point	not available	
Initial boiling point	-47,8 °C	
Flammability	not flammable	
Lower explosive limit	not available	
Upper explosive limit	not available	
Flash point	not applicable	
Auto-ignition temperature	not available	
Decomposition temperature	not available	
рН	7	
Kinematic viscosity	not available	
Solubility	Very slightly soluble in cold water, hot water	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Vapour pressure	log Pow 1,06 12.610 hPa (21,1°C)	Substance: 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane
Density and/or relative density	1,08 g/cm³ (21,1°C)	
Relative vapour density	3,4 (Air = 1.0)	
Particle characteristics	not applicable	

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Information not available

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Strong heating of the containers leads to an increase in the pressure and volume of the liquefied gas and can cause the container to burst.

NORFLURANE

May react violently in contact with alkali, alkaline-earth metals. Under certain high pressure conditions, mixtures of the product with air/oxygen may become flammable.

10.4. Conditions to avoid



Avoid overheating.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong reducing or oxidising agents, strong acids or alkalis, hot material.

NORFLURANE Finely divided metals , alkali metals (sodium , potassium) , alkaline earth metals (barium , magnesium) , alloys containing more than 2% magnesium

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hydrogen fluoride (HF), carbon monoxide (CO), carbonyl fluoride reactions COF2, Carbonyl Fluoride.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

According to currently available data, this product has not yet produced health damages. Anyway, it must be handled according to good industrial practices.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture:	Not classified (no significant component)
ATE (Oral) of the mixture:	Not classified (no significant component)
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:	Not classified (no significant component)

PENTAFLUOROETHANE

LC50 (Inhalation gas):

> 800000 ppm/4h Rat (OECD 403)

1,1,1 - TRIFLUOROETHANE (R143a) LC50 (inhalation/gas) > 591000 ppm (4h) (Rat; equivalent or similar to a OECD 403).

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class



STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

40 mg/l/96h (Oncorhynchus mykiss; OECD 203)

12.1. Toxicity

NORFLURANE	
LC50 - for Fish	450 mg/l/96h (Oncorhynchus mykiss; EU C.1)
EC50 - for Crustacea	980 mg/l/48h (Daphnia magna; EU C.2)
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 118 mg/l/72h (OECD 201)
PENTAFLUOROETHANE	
LC50 - for Fish	> 81,8 mg/l/96h (Oncorhynchus mykiss; OECD 203)
EC50 - for Crustacea	> 97,9 mg/l/48h (Daphnia magna; OECD 202)
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 114 mg/l/72h (Raphidocelis subcapitata; OECD 201)
1,1,1 - TRIFLUOROETHANE (R143a)	
EC50 - for Crustacea	390 mg/l/48h (Daphnia magna; OECD 202)
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	71 mg/l/72h (ECOSAR v0.99g)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

NORFLURANE Not rapidly degradable, 3% in 28 days (OECD 301 D). PENTAFLUOROETHANE Not rapidly biodegradable, 5% in 28 days (OECD 301 D).

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Information not available

12.4. Mobility in soil

LC10 for Fish



Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations. (Directive 2008/98/EC and subsequent amendments and adjustments and related national transpositions). Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. The legal responsibility for disposal is the producer (holder of the waste

The legal responsibility for disposal is the producer / holder of the waste.

To this mixture different CER codes could be applied (European Waste Code) based on the specific circumstances that generated the waste, possible alterations and / or possible contamination.

The product as such, contained in the original packaging, or decanted in an appropriate container for the purpose of disposal, or no longer usable (for example following an accidental spill), must be classified with a CER code that is compatible with the description of the use indicated in section 1.2.

The suitable final destination of the waste must be evaluated by the manufacturer on the basis of the chemical-physical characteristics of the waste, the compatibility with the authorized facility to which it will be given for recovery, and the definitive treatment or disposal according to the procedures established by current regulations.

Disposal through wastewater discharge is not permitted.

For hazardous substances registered according to Regulation EC 1907/2006 (REACH), for which a chemical safety report has been drawn up, refer to the specific information contained in the exposure scenarios attached to this SDS.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be sent, properly labeled, to recovery or disposal in compliance with national waste management regulations and must be classified with the following CER code:

15 01 10*: packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 3337

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID:	REFRIGERANT GAS R 404A
IMDG:	REFRIGERANT GAS R 404A
IATA:	REFRIGERANT GAS R 404A

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Safety Data Sheet According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878

and to Annex II to UK REACH

Quantities: 0,12 L Maximum

quantity: 150

Maximum quantity: 75

Kg

Kg

		KRYON	N 404A	
ADR / RID:	Class: 2	Label: 2.2		
IMDG:	Class: 2	Label: 2.2		
IATA:	Class: 2	Label: 2.2		
14.4. Packing grou	ир			
ADR / RID, IMDG	B, IATA:	-		
14.5. Environment	tal hazards			
ADR / RID:	NO			
IMDG:	NO			
IATA:	NO			
14.6. Special prec	autions for user			
ADR / RID:		HIN - Kemler: 20	Limited Quantities:	Tunnel restriction
		Special provision: 662	0,12 L	code: (C/E)
IMDG:		EMS: F-C, S-V	Limited	

IATA:

Cargo: Passengers:

Special provision:

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: None

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

Point

40. Substances classified as flammable gases category 1 or 2, flammable liquids categories 1, 2 or 3, flammable solids category 1 or 2, substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, category 1, 2 or 3, pyrophoric liquids category 1 or pyrophoric solids category 1, regardless of whether they appear in Part 3 of Annex VI to that Regulation or not.

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

Packaging

instructions:

Packaging

instructions:

200

200



not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Information not available

Regulation (UE) n. 517/2014 (fluorinated greenhouse gases)

Substances present in Annex I

Industrial designation	Chemical name	Chemical formula	GWP
HFC-134a	1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane	CH2FCF3	1430
HFC-143a	1,1,1-trifluoroethane	CH3CF3	4470
HFC-125	pentafluoroethane	CHF2CF3	3500

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008

Under pressure gas, Liquefied gas, H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may burst if heated.

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Gas 1A	Flammable gas, category 1A	
Press. Gas (Liq.)	Liquefied gas	
Press. Gas (Comp.)	Compressed gas	
H220	Extremely flammable gas.	
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.	

LEGEND:

Classification procedure

Expert judgement



Safety Data Sheet According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

Ed. 23/03/2023 Revision N° 02 Replaced revision of 01/02/2016 GG GF 025

KRYON 404A

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)

- Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EÚ) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP) 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for the recipient of the Safety Data Sheet (SDS):

The recipient of this SDS shall make sure of reading and understanding the information included by all people who handle, store, use, or otherwise come into contact in any way with the substance or mixture to which this SDS is referred to. In particular, the recipient shall provide adequate training to the



personnel for the use of hazardous substances and/or mixtures. The recipient shall verify the suitability and completeness of the provided information according to the specific use of the substance or mixture.

However, the substance or mixture referred to by this SDS shall not be used for uses other than those specified in Section 1. The Supplier don't assume responsibility for improper uses. Since the use of the product does not fall under the direct control of the Supplier, the user shall, under his own responsibility, fulfill national and EU regulations concerning health and safety.

The information included in this SDS are provided in good faith and are based on the current state of scientific and technical knowledge, at the revision date indicated, available to the Supplier indicated in Section 1 of this SDS. It shall not be meant that the SDS is a guarantee of any specific property of the substance or mixture. The information concern only to the substance or mixture specifically designated in Section 1 and it could not be valid for the substance or mixture used in combination with other materials or in any process not specified in the text.

This version of the SDS substitutes all the previous versions.

<u>Changes to previous review</u>: The following sections were modified: 01/ 02 / 03 / 04 / 05 / 06 / 07 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 13 / 14 / 15 / 16.